2016

M.A/M.Sc.

3rd Semester Examination ECONOMICS

PAPER-ECO-301E

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Special Paper: Econometrics I

Group-A

- 1. Answer any two of questions: 2×2
 - (a) What do you mean by exact multicollineanity?

 What are it consequences?

 1+1
 - (b) What is enhancement synergism? How is it detected?

(Turn Over)

- (c) When do we say that the regression coefficient of regressor is giving a wrong sign?
- (d) Why does heteroscedasticity occur?
- 2. Answer any one question:

1×6

- (a) What is Theil's adjusted R²? What adjustment does it actually make? 2+4
- (b) For what purpose do we assume that the disturbance terms in the regression model are unbiased? To what extent is the assumption realistic? 3+3
- 3. Answer any one question :

1×10

- (a) Show that that estimated regression coefficient of X_1 in the regression of Y an X_1 and X_2 is same as the estimated regression coefficient of $e_{1\cdot 2}$ in the regression of Y on $e_{1\cdot 2}$ and also same as that of $e_{1\cdot 2}$ in the regression of $e_{4\cdot 2}$ and $e_{1\cdot 2}$. What do the equalities imply?
- (b) Regression of U.S. investment (Y) on sales (X₁) and interest rate (X₂) for annual data in the period 1960 to 1999 gives the following result [Y and X₁ measured in billion dollars]:

 $Y = 6.27 + 0.0005 X_1 - 7.84 X_2$

t-values: [0.62] [35.76] [-6.18]

p-values: [0.54] [2.7E-30] [3.6E-07]

 $R^2 = 0.9727$, F = 658·15, Sinificance F = 1·2E-29.

Regression of Y an X₁ only gives.

 $Y = -47.56 + 0.0005 X_1$

t-values : [-6.42] [25.41]

p - values : [0.54E-07] [1.87E-25]

 $R^2 = 0.9444$, F = 645.91 Singifican F = 1.87E - 25

Regression of Y on X2 only gives

 $Y = 47.52 + 7.36 X_2$

t-values [0.80] [1.05]

p-values [0.43] [0.30]

 $R^2 = 0.0280$, F = 1.09 Significance F = 0.30

Interpret the results.

Group-B

4. Answer any two questions:

 2×2

- (a) Show that the maximum likelihood estimator of β is en unbiased estimator of β .
- (b) What do you mean by structural change?

- (c) What are dummy Variables?
- (d) What are coveriates or control variables?
- 5. Answer any one question:

1×6

- (a) Discuss ANOVA and ANCOVA models with an example.
- (b) Derive the unrestricted maximum likelihood estimator, $\tilde{\beta}$ for a k-variable CLRM. 3+3
- 6. Answer any one question:

1×10.

- (a) Discuss the different uses of dummy variable. What is dummy variable trap?
- (b) Derive the maximum likelihood estimator of α , β and $\sigma^2 \ \ \text{incase of a two variable model,}$

$$y_i = \alpha + \beta \times i + v_i$$
 where $v(v_i) = \sigma^2$.

7+3