MA/M.Sc. 1st Semester Examination, 2010 ECONOMICS

PAPER-III-ECO-103

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

Answer all the Groups

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

GROUP-A

1. Answer any five questions:

 2×5

- (a) What do you mean by a non-market economic organisation? Give an example.
- (b) What is managerial division of labour?

- (c) Indicate the role of machines in defining the technological structure of a firm.
- (d) Distinguish between private cost and social cost.
- (e) What are the basic features of a market economy?
- (f) A second order condition for maximisation is generally put as a sufficient condition. Do you then think that the fulfilment of it is non-necessary?
- (g) Why do firms merge?
- (h) How concentration of industries can be measured by Herfindahl-Hirschmer index?
- (i) Distinguish between horizontal merger and conglomerate merger.
- (j) List any two disadvantages of Multi-National Corporation.

GROUP-B

Answer any two questions

5 x 2

- 2. Define production possibility frontier. Indicate the main factors leading to a concave production possibility frontier.
- 3. Explain the term 'meteing cost'. Indicate its role in the existence of firm.
- 4. Explain in brief the causes of market failure.
- 5. Discuss the factors responsible for India's unattractiveness as an investment location.

GROUP-C

Answer any two questions

10 x 2

- 6. What do you mean by a firm? Explain the main reasons behind the existence of a firm in an otherwise market economy.
- 7. What do you mean by an optimum firm. Explain the basic forces that determine the optimum size of a firm.

10

- 8. Write about the hermful and beneficial effects of the operations of MNCs in Indian economy.
- 9. Comment on the following statements: 5+5
 - (a) Sunk costs generate entry berriers.
 - (b) Investing in excess capacity cannot serve as a tool for deterring entry.