## M.A./M.Sc. 2nd Semester Examination, 2023 ECONOMICS

PAPER - ECO-204(CBCS)

(Fundamentals of Economics Theory)

(Old and New Syllabus)

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

## GROUP-A

1. Answer any two questions:

- $2 \times 2$
- (a) What are the important determinants of demand for goods?
- (b) Explain the relation between average product and marginal product.

- (c) What is price discrimination?
- (d) What is break-even point?
- 2. Answer any two questions:

 $4 \times 2$ 

- (a) Classify the goods on the basis of the values of own price elasticity, cross-price elasticity and income elasticity.
- (b) Explain diagrammatically three stages of production and find out economically efficient production zone.
- (c) Explain briefly how the equilibrium of a perfectly competitive firm is determined.
- (d) Define duopoly. Explain briefly the Cournot model of duopoly. (1+3)
- 3. Answer any one question:

 $8 \times 1$ 

(a) Explain how a consumer reaches equilibrium to maximize utility subject to budget constraint. State the necessary and sufficient conditions that are satisfied at this point of equilibrium.

6 + 2

(b) Explain the basic features of a perfectly competitive market. If you are asked to define perfect competition by a single feature which one you will choose and why?

6+2

## GROUP-B

4. Answer any two questions:

 $2 \times 2$ 

- (a) Define GDP and GNP
- (b) How does the aggregate personal income differ from the national income?
- (c) What is demand pull inflation?
- (d) What do you mean by gains from trade?
- 5. Answer any two questions:  $4 \times 2$ 
  - (a) Explain the value added method of national income acconting.
  - (b) Explain the concept of circular flow of income.

- (c) Explain the credit creation process by commercial banks.
- (d) Discuss the different policies used by governments to control inflation.
- 6. Answer any one question:

 $8 \times 1$ 

(a) Explain the multiplier effect of an increase in government expenditure on the national income.

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(b) Discuss key components or items of the Balance of Payments (BOP) Account for a country. Why is it said that the balance of payments always balances?

6+2