

M.Sc. 1st Semester Examination, 2024

ZOOLOGY

(Methods in Biology)

PAPER—ZOO-106

Full Marks : 25

Time : 1 hour

Answer all questions

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

GROUP – A

- 1. Answer any two questions from the following :**
2 × 2
- (a) Write the principle of agarose gel electrophoresis. Mention its biological applications.**

(2)

- (b) Mention the roles of alkaline phosphatase and bacteriophage T4 DNA ligase in making recombinant DNA.
- (c) Name two anion exchanger. State the function of ampholytes in 2D electrophoresis.
- (d) Write the principle of Fluorescence in Situ Hybridization (FISH).

GROUP – B

2. Answer any *two* questions from the following :

4 × 2

- (a) Write the principle of plasmid DNA isolation by alkaline lysis method. How many bands will you observe after analysing plasmid DNA by agarose gel electrophoresis ?
- 3 + 1
- (b) Draw a yeast expression vector with all the components. Mention the function of each component.
- 2 + 2

(3)

- (c) Which parameters are considered during designing of PCR primers ? How will you calculate the melting temperature (T_m) of a primer ? If the T_m of a primer is 65°C , What will be its maximum annealing temperature ? 2 + 1 + 1
- (d) Define Bioremediation. Mention the factors which influence biodegradation process. Differentiate between in situ and ex situ bioremediation process. 1 + 1 + 2

GROUP -- C

3. Answer any *one* question from the following : 8 × 1
- (a) (i) How does RT-PCR differ from real time PCR ?
- (ii) Write two applications of RT-PCR.
- (iii) Write the principle of real time PCR using SYBR green dye.

(4)

(iv) How will you quantitate initial template DNA from real time PCR ?

1 + 2 + 3 + 2

(b) (i) Write the principle of flow cytometry.

(ii) What do you mean by Forward light scatter and side light scatter ? Mention the parameters of cells that are measured by these light scatters.

(iii) Draw a flow cytometry pattern (curve) of a typical exponentially growing cell population (by putting value of DNA content in X axis and cell population in Y axis).

(iv) How does flow cytometry differ from FACS ?

3 + 2 + 2 + 1

[Internal Assessment — 5 Marks]